Environmental Protection Agency

§63.1304 Testing requirements.

Owners and operators of affected sources shall use the test methods listed in this section, as applicable, to demonstrate compliance with this subpart.

- (a) Test method and procedures to determine equipment leaks. Monitoring, as required under §63.1296, shall comply with the following requirements:
- (1) Monitoring shall comply with Method 21 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A
- (2) The detection instrument shall meet the performance criteria of Method 21 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A, except that the instrument response factor criteria in section 3.1.2(a) of Method 21 shall be for the average composition of the source fluid, rather than for each individual VOC in the stream. For source streams that contain nitrogen, air, or other inerts which are not HAP or VOC, the average stream response factor shall be calculated on an inertfree basis. The response factor may be determined at any concentration for which monitoring for leaks will be conducted.
- (3) The instrument shall be calibrated before use on each day of its use by the procedures specified in Method 21 of 40 CFR part 60, appendix A.
 - (4) Calibration gases shall be:
- (i) Zero air (less than 10 ppm of hydrocarbon in air); and
- (ii) A mixture of methane and air at a concentration of approximately, 1,000 ppm for all transfer pumps; and 500 ppm for all other equipment, except as provided in paragraph (a)(4)(iii) of this section.
- (iii) The instrument may be calibrated at a higher methane concentration (up to 2,000 ppm) than the leak definition concentration for a specific piece of equipment for monitoring that piece of equipment. If the monitoring instrument's design allows for multiple calibration gas concentrations, then the lower concentration calibration gas shall be no higher than 2,000 ppm methane and the higher concentration calibration gas shall be no higher than 10,000 ppm methane.
- (5) Monitoring shall be performed when the equipment is in HAP ABA service, in use with an acceptable surrogate volatile organic compound

which is not a HAP ABA, or is in use with any other detectable gas or vapor.

- (6) If no instrument is available onsite that will meet the performance criteria specified in section 3.1.2(a) of Method 21 of 40 CFR Part 60, appendix A, the readings from an available instrument may be adjusted by multiplying by the average response factor for the stream.
- (b) Test method to determine foam properties. The IFD and density of each grade of foam produced during each run of foam shall be determined using ASTM D3574-91, Standard Test Methods for Flexible Cellular Materials-Slab, Bonded, and Molded (incorporation by reference—see §63.14), using a sample of foam cut from the center of the foam bun. The maximum sample size for which the IFD and density is determined shall not be larger than 24 inches by 24 inches by 4 inches. For grades of foam where the owner or operator has designated the HAP ABA formulation limitation as zero, the owner or operator is not required to determine the IFD and density in accordance with this paragraph.

§ 63.1305 Alternative means of emission limitation.

An owner or operator of an affected source may request approval to use an alternative means of emission limitation, following the procedures in this section.

- (a) The owner or operator can request approval to use an alternative means of emission limitation in the precompliance report for existing sources, the application for construction or reconstruction for new sources, or at any time.
- (b) This request shall include a complete description of the alternative means of emission limitation.
- (c) Each owner or operator applying for permission to use an alternative means of emission limitation under §63.6(g) shall be responsible for collecting and verifying data to demonstrate the emission reduction achieved by the alternative means of emission limitation.
- (d) Use of the alternative means of emission limitation shall not begin

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until approval is granted by the Administrator in accordance with §63.6(g).

§63.1306 Reporting requirements.

Owners and operators of affected sources shall comply with each applicable reporting provision in this section.

- (a) *Initial notification*. Each affected source shall submit an initial notification in accordance with §63.9(b).
- (b) Application for approval of construction or reconstruction. Each owner or operator shall submit an application for approval of construction or reconstruction in accordance with the provisions of §63.5(d).
- (c) Precompliance report. Each slabstock affected source shall submit a precompliance report no later than 12 months before the compliance date. This report shall contain the information listed in paragraphs (c)(1) through (c)(8) of this section, as applicable.
- (1) Whether the source will comply with the emission point specific limitations described in §63.1293(a), or with the source-wide emission limitation described in §63.1293(b).
- (2) For a source complying with the emission point specific limitations, whether the source will comply on a rolling annual basis in accordance with §63.1297(b), or will comply with the monthly alternative for compliance contained in §63.1297(c).
- (3) For a source complying with the source-wide emission limitation, whether the source will comply on a rolling annual basis in accordance with §63.1299(a), or will comply with the monthly alternative for compliance contained in §63.1299(b).
- (4) A description of how HAP ABA and/or polyol added at the mixhead will be monitored. If the owner or operator is developing an alternative monitoring program, the alternative monitoring program containing the information in §63.1303(b)(5)(i) through (iv) shall be submitted.
- (5) Notification of the intent to use a recovery device to comply with the provisions of §63.1297 or §63.1299.
- (6) For slabstock affected sources complying with §63.1297 or §63.1299 using a recovery device, the continuous recovered HAP ABA monitoring and

recordkeeping program, developed in accordance with §63.1303(c).

- (7) For sources complying with the source-wide emission limitation, a description of how the amount of HAP ABA in a storage vessel shall be determined.
- (8) For sources complying with the source-wide emission limitation, a description of how the amount of HAP ABA added to a storage vessel during a delivery will be monitored. If the owner or operator is developing an alternative monitoring program, the alternative monitoring program containing the information in §63.1303(e)(4)(i) through (iv) shall be submitted.
- (9) If the Administrator does not notify the owner or operator of objections to an alternative monitoring program submitted in accordance with (c)(4) or (c)(6) of this section, or a recovered HAP ABA monitoring and record-keeping program submitted in accordance with (c)(7) of this section, the program shall be deemed approved 45 days after its receipt by the Administrator.
- (d) Notification of compliance status. Each affected source shall submit a notification of compliance status report no later than 180 days after the compliance date. For slabstock affected sources, this report shall contain the information listed in paragraphs (d)(1) through (3) of this section, as applicable. This report shall contain the information listed in paragraph (d)(4) of this section for molded foam processes and in paragraph (d)(5) for rebond foam processes.
- (1) A list of diisocyanate storage vessels, along with a record of the type of control utilized for each storage vessel.
- (2) For transfer pumps in disocyanate service, a record of the type of control utilized for each transfer pump.
- (3) If the source is complying with the emission point specific limitations of $\S 63.1294$ through 63.1298, the information listed in paragraphs (b)(3)(i) through (iii) of this section.
- (i) A list of HAP ABA storage vessels, along with a record of the type of control utilized for each storage vessel.
- (ii) A list of pumps, valves, connectors, pressure-relief devices, and open-